	BASF DEGACLAD	V.S.	URETHANE RESINS
DURABILITY	* HAS GREAT TENSILE, FLEXURAL, AND COMPREHENSIVE STRENGTHS, AS WELL AS ABRASION RESISTANCE. * ALSO RESISTANT TO CHEMICAL ATTACK		* MOST URETHANES DO NOT HAVE ALL THESE CHARACTERISTICS IN ONE PRODUCT
TIME	* 100% CURE IN ONE HOUR		* 72 HOURS TO REACH 84% CURE & 28 DAYS TO REACH 94% CURE UNDER IDEAL CONDITIONS
	* ELIMINATES HIGH COST OF DOWN TIME		* ADDS COST DUE TO DOWN TIME
VISCOSITY	* HAS LOW VISCOSITY FOR DEEPER PENETRATION INTO CONCRETE FOR A SUPERIOR BOND		* HIGHER VISCOSITY CREATES LESS PENETRATION CAUSING HIGHER RISK OF BOND FAILURE
	* VISCOSITY NEVER CHANGES AT ANY TEMPERATURE		* LOWER TEMPERATURES CREATE HIGHER VISCOSITY
	* NO SOLVENTS; 100% SOLIDS; NO BY PRODUCTS AND MEETS ALL CURRENT "VOC" REGULATIONS		* THE LOWER THE SOLVENTS, THE HIGHER THE PRICE
	* RESINS CHEMICALLY FUSE AND CURE AS ONE CONTINUOUS MASS WITHOUT COLD JOINTS		* URETHANES RELY ON A MECHANICAL BOND, NO CHEMICAL BOND
MOISTURE AND BOND STRENGTH	* WITHIN AN HOUR, PRIMER COATS CAN BE ADJUSTED TO COMPENSATE FOR DIFFERENT MOISTURE LEVELS		* 90% OF THE TIME MOISTURE IS USED AS AN EXCUSE FOR BOND FAILURE
	* PENETRATES, STRENGTHENS, AND REINFORCES THE SUBSTRATE		* HIGH VISCOSITY PREVENTS PENETRATION
	* PRODUCES A UNIQUE, LONG LASTING "WELDED BOND"		* UNABLE TO PRODUCE A "WELDED BOND"
CLEANING AND POROSITY OF SYSTEMS	* MONOLITHIC SYSTEM ALLOWS NO HOLES, NO CRACKS, AND NO PORES		* TWO PART SYSTEM THAT LEAVES COLD JOINTS
	* LOW AGGREGATE; HIGH RESIN BASE		* HIGH AGGREGATE, LOW RESIN-CREATES POROUS CONDITIONS ALLOWING CAVITIES FOR POTENTIAL BACTERIA AND FUNGUS GROWTH
	* DOES NOT ALLOW THE PENETRATION AND PROLIFERATION OF FUNGUS AND BACTERIA *SEAMLESS AND IMPERVIOUS		
RECOATABILITY AND COLOR VARIETY	* COLOR OR TEXTURE OF THE FLOOR CAN BE EASILY CHANGED AT ANY TIME DURING THE LIFE OF THE COATING (WITHOUT REMOVAL)		* MECHANICAL BOND MAKES RECOATABILITY A GREATER RISK UNLESS EXISTING COATING IS REMOVED
	* EXTENSIVE RANGE OF COLORS WITH A WIDE VARIETY OF COLOR COMBINATIONS		* LIMITED COLOR CHOICES
TEMPERATURE	* STAYS WORKABLE AND CURES EVEN AT -15^{O} F		* USUALLY REQUIRES TEMPS 60^{O} F OR HIGHER
	* HAS MINIMAL AFFECT ON ONE HOUR CURE TIME		* GREATLY AFFECTS CURE TIME